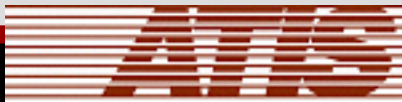


Evolution of Core Networks with IPv6 (The IPv6 Secure Deployment Opportunity)

Jim Bound

Chair IPv6 Forum Technical Directorate and North
American IPv6 Task Force

Jim.Bound@hp.com

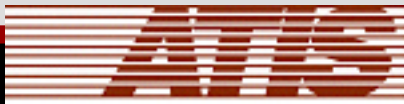


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IPv6 Forum

- International Forum to promote and drive IPv6 deployment (www.ipv6forum.com).
- Regional IPv6 Task Forces exist across the world.
- North American IPv6 Task Force supports the U.S. and Canada (www.nav6tf.org)
- Mission is to promote, influence, and provide technical/business expertise and guidance for the deployment of IPv6.

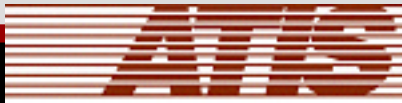


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Theoretical vs. Practical

- The Internet has 36% of the IPv4 address space left vs. China or Mobile IP Cell Phones could use it up in one year.
- IPv4 and IPv6 use the same IPsec Protocol vs. IPv4-NAT prevents peer-to-peer security, and IPv6 supports peer-to-peer security.
- IPv4 has stateful autoconfiguration vs. the 101st Airborne Rangers require IPv6 stateless autoconfiguration at point of entry for an engaged operation.

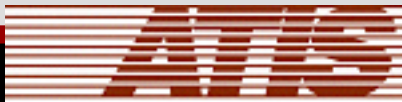
IPv6 vs. IPv4 analysis must be viewed from both a theoretical and a practical deployment perspective.



IPv6 Deployment Advantages

- Larger Address Space (NAT is avoided and security IP address identification is in tact).
- Stateless Autoconfiguration of Addresses.
- Mobile IPv6 Security and Routing Optimizations.
- IPsec is MANDATORY for compliance.

These are just some of the IPv6 advantages over IPv4 to increase the opportunity for a more secure deployment of Cyber Space for Home Land Defense, Military, Consumers, and Businesses in the U.S., and creates new business opportunity for Internet Service Providers



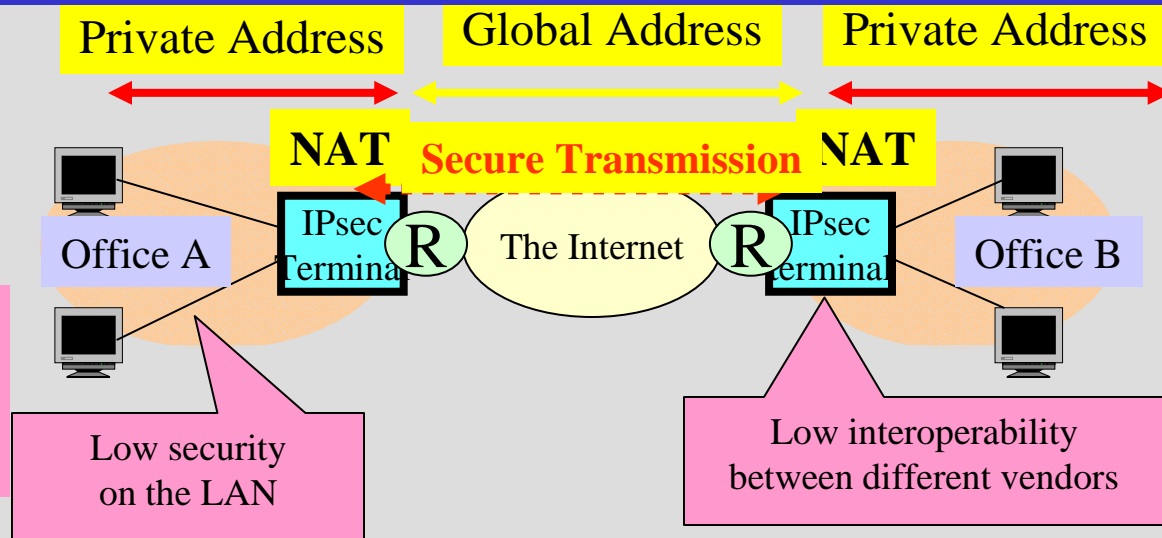
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Large-Scale End-to-End Security

Easy to setup IP-VPN between end-to-end terminals with IPv6

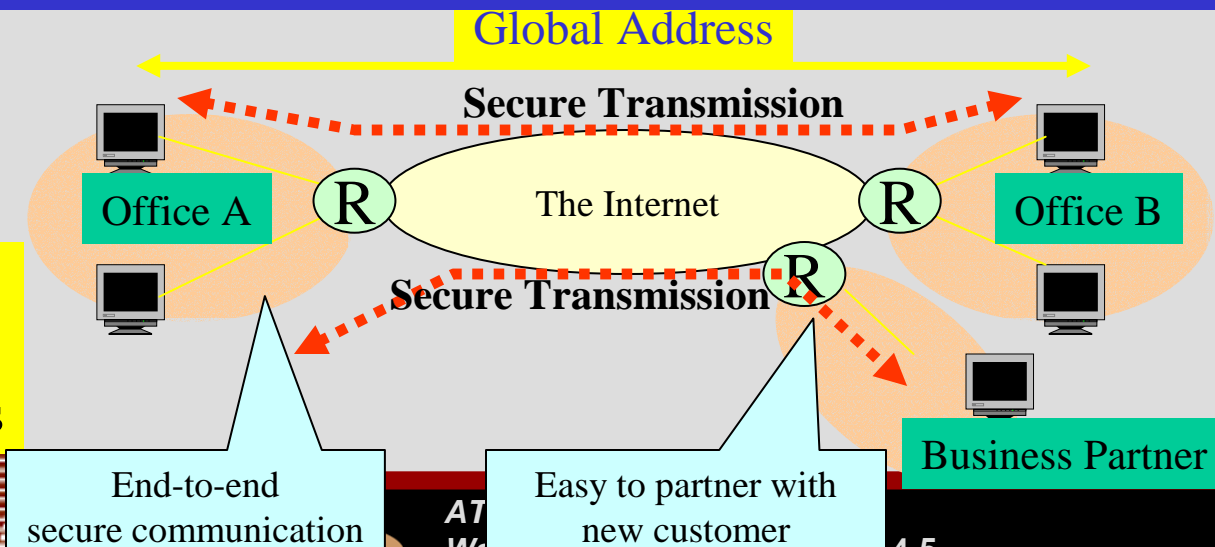
IPv4-NAT

Site-to-Site
Secure
Communication



IPv6

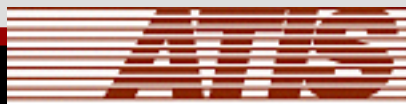
End-to-End
Secure
Communications



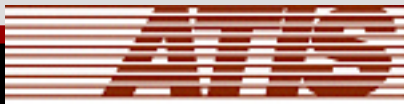
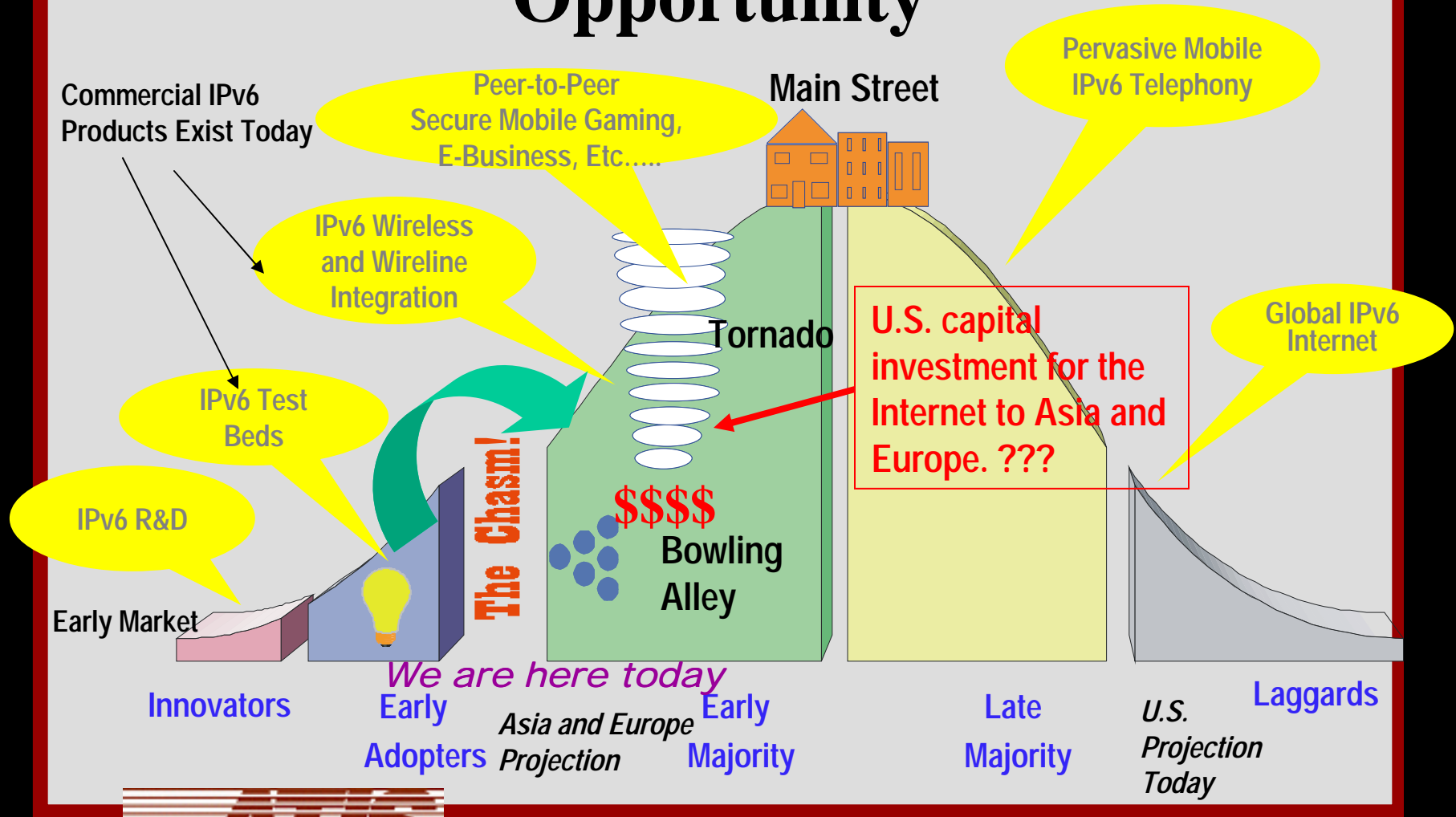
IPv6 Business Case for Providers

- Large scale Mobile IP device deployment cannot happen with an IPv4-NAT Internet service.
- Large scale peer-to-peer gaming for consumers with peer-to-peer security cannot happen with an IPv4-NAT Internet service
- Large scale U.S. wide Home Land Defense within Cyber Space cannot happen with an IPv4 NAT Internet service.
- Global business-to-business communications from the U.S. with Asia and Europe will require IPv6.
- The cost of not deploying IPv6 in the U.S. now is great.

These are but a few of the growth opportunity markets for Providers in the U.S. Also see papers at URL below for other business cases.
<http://www.nav6tf.org/slides/repository.html>



The IPv6 Secure Deployment Opportunity



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IPv6 Extended Standards Work

- The core IPv6 standards, Mobile IPv6, and IPsec are ready for deployment.
- IETF Near Term Requirements:
 - Multihoming for IPv6
 - Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting (AAA)
 - Multicast Routing Protocols with Multicast Security
 - Additional IPv6 Transition Work
- 3GPP Near Term Requirements:
 - Add IPv6 as requirement to core in 3GPP+ Release Strategy
 - Add Mobile IPv6 to core in 3GPP+ Release Strategy
 - Add 802.11b integration to 3GPP+ Release Strategy
- IEEE POSIX 1003 should be doing new APIs for IPv6 and Security not the IETF, but work with the IETF and 3GPP as liaison

These need to be done in a time-to-market and expedient manner. These are not required to begin initial deployment of IPv6.

